Potential Economic implications of domestic **ETS in Thailand**











Carbon Business Office



Thailand Greenhouse Gas Management Organization (Public Organization)

Asia Pacific Carbon Forum, Bangkok 14th December 2017





Main Objective

FY 15: Study of economic impacts from carbon pricing – Emission Trading and Carbon tax

Assess economic impacts of cap-and-trade system to Thai economy comparing to other of alternative measures such as carbon tax



Policy Recommendation

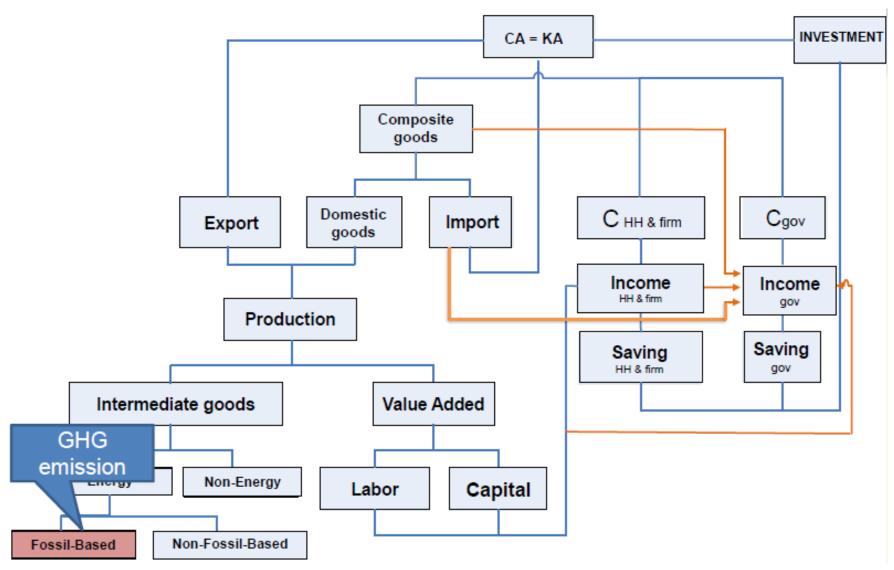


Dynamic CGE Model

- Computable General Equilibrium Model(CGE) is the set of non-linear equations representing economy-wide relationships of agents.
- Most prices and quantities are freely adjusted in response to changes of external factors and policy instruments. This structure represents the adjustment of all major markets in the economy.
- Main behavioral equations in the model includes these details:
 - -42 production sectors based on the official national account
 - -labor and capital markets
 - -5 classifications of households based on income level
 - -government
 - -international trade

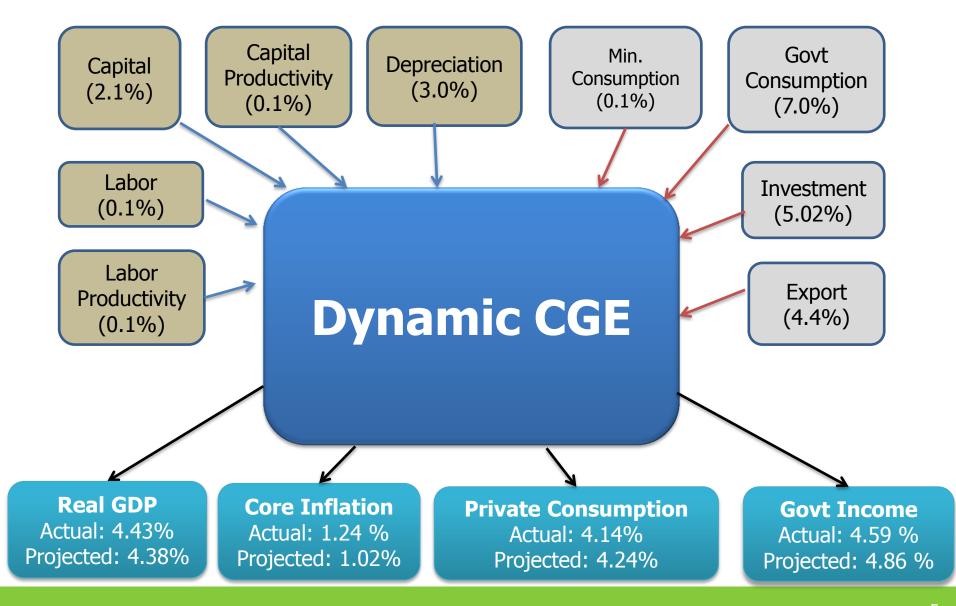


Main Structure of CGE Model



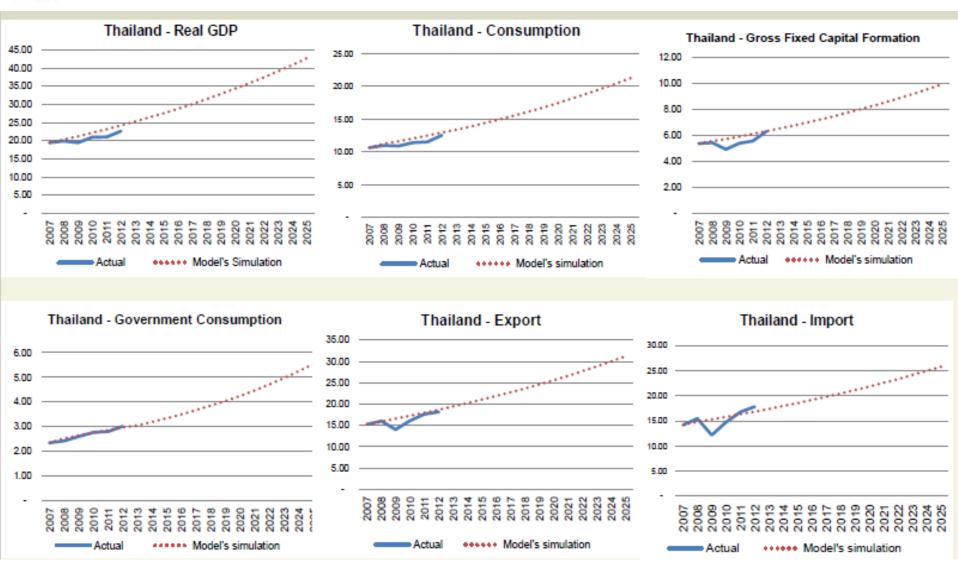


Main Assumptions and Forecasting Results



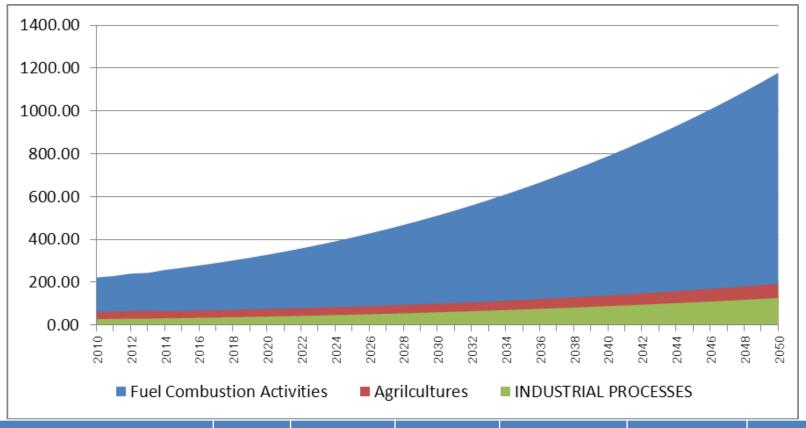


Projected GDP's Components





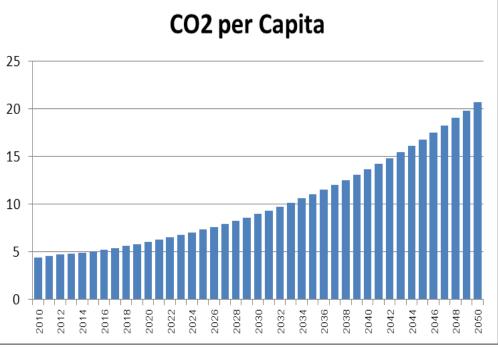
Projected GHGs Emission - BAU



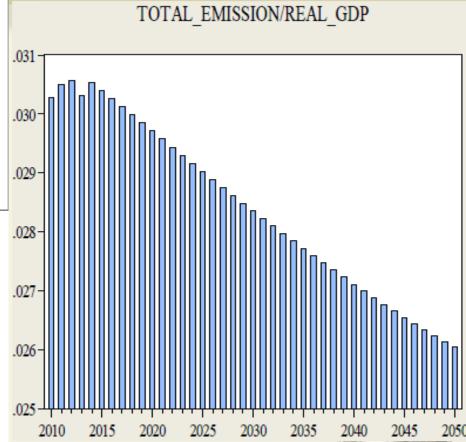
	2010	2020	2030	2040	2050	CAGR
Total Emission	312.08	443.91	671.74	1016.57	1498.69	4.00%
Fuel Combustion Activities	222.40	328.35	511.26	788.85	1178.43	4.26%
Agricultures	61.53	75.53	100.57	138.96	193.53	2.91%
Industrial Process	28.15	40.04	59.92	88.76	126.74	3.83%



Projected GHGs Emission – BAU (Con't)



CO₂ per capita will reach 20 tones/years in 2050



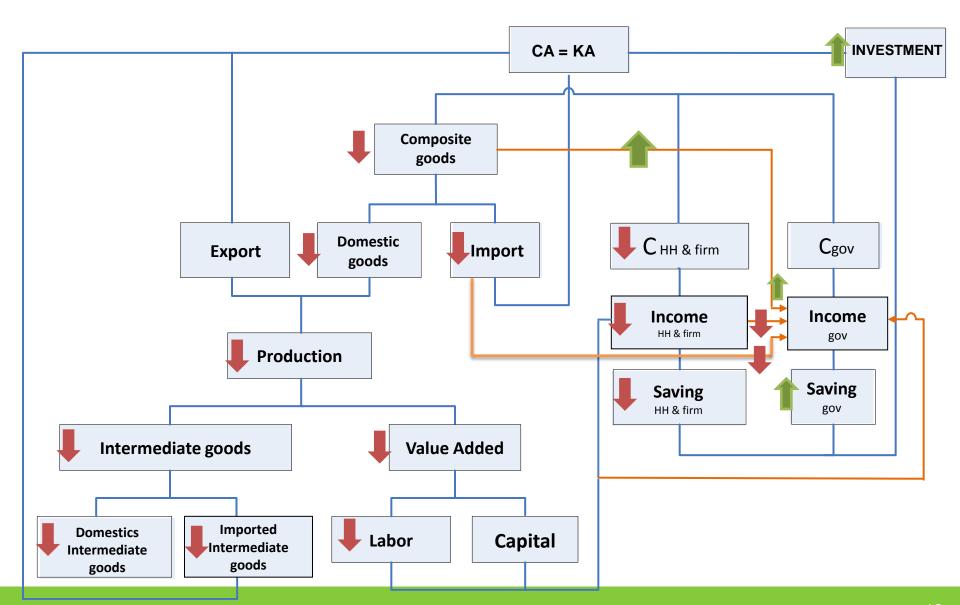
Thailand's emission intensity continuous decrease.
(Ton of CO₂e per 1,000 baht of GDP)



Carbon Tax and Thai Economy

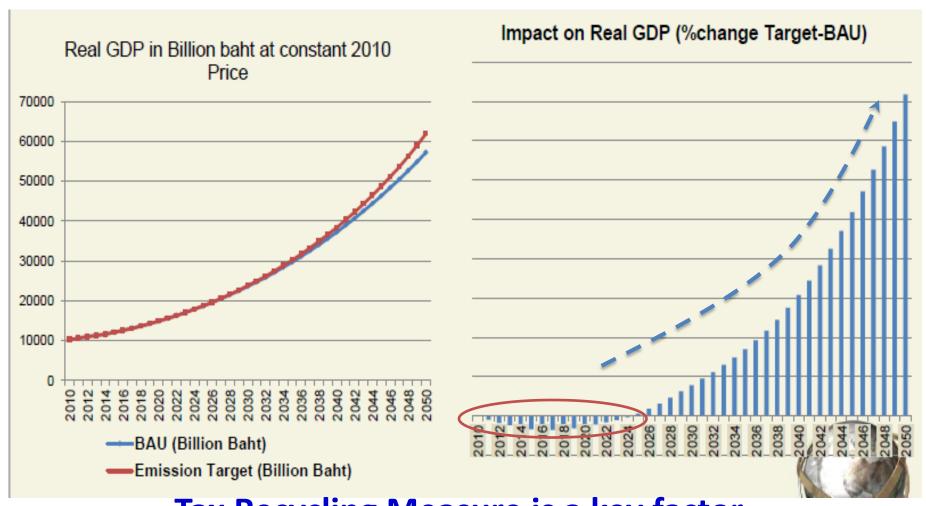


Impacts of C.tax on Thailand's Econ.





GDP in the Long-run under Tax Recycling Measure



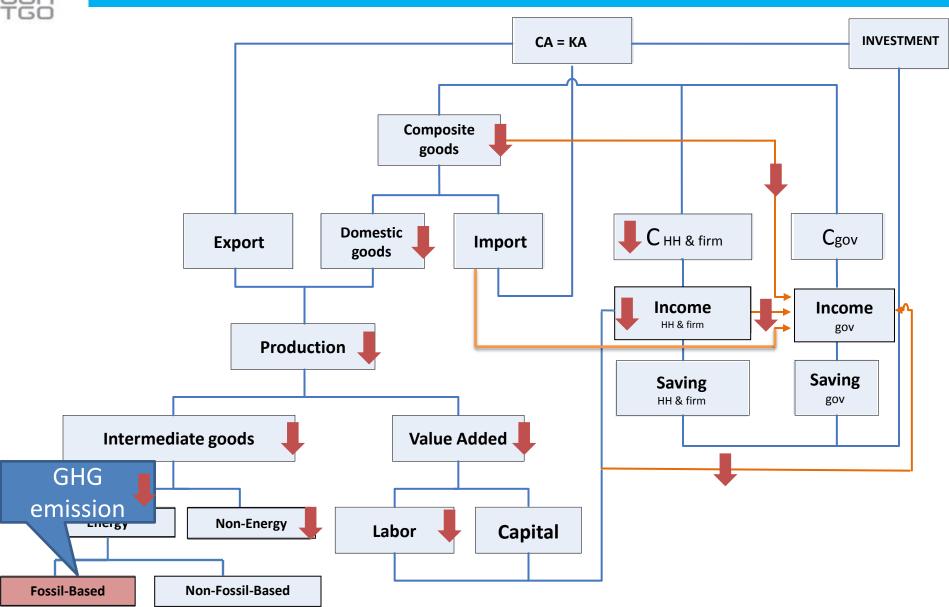
Tax Recycling Measure is a key factor for turn around in long-run



Cap and trade and Thai Economy



Impacts of ETS on Thailand's Econ.





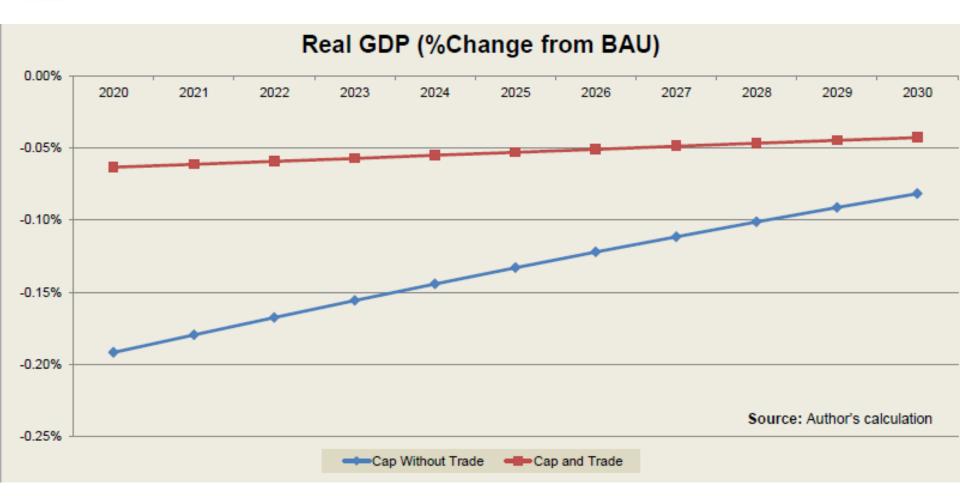
Assumptions on Trading simulation — Thai CGE model

In this study, it was assumed that 4 sectors will be included the emission-trading market.

- -SEC 13 FOOD
- -SEC 23 CHEM
- -SEC 27 IRON
- -SEC 26 NMETAL
- Each sector was capped for 1% reduction of CO₂ emission comparing to its BAU. And these 4 sectors will be buyers in the market.
- •Electricity sector (SEC 32 ELECT) will be the only seller due to the lowest marginal abatement cost and huge amount of supply.



Economic Impacts of ETS



Cap-and-Trade scheme brings lower impact on GDP, comparing to cap-without-trade policy.



Key Finding

Carbon Tax	Emission Trading
Revenue Recycling is the key to "turn around GDP in long-run"	ETS can reduce economic impact in short-term; comparing to carbon tax and command & control.

- Command and control approach might lead to severe economic impact comparing to Carbon Tax and ETS measures.
- For long term goal, Government should consider to use **auction** for ETS allowance allocation because they could **recycle revenue** to support low carbon policy and/or invest in low carbon technologies. **In this regards, ETS might be the best policy option in GHGs reduction for Thailand.**



Thank you



READY Thailand to Combat Climate Change





Thailand Greenhouse Gas Management Organization (Public Organization)
120 Ratthaprasasanabhakti Building, 9th Fl. The Government Complex Commemorating
His Majesty, Chaeng Wattana Road Laksi, Bangkok 10210 Thailand www.tgo.or.th,
carbonmarket.tgo.or.th, <a href="thailand-